Table 1. Contents1 of the Canadian Chronic Disease Surveillance System (CCDSS) Aggregate Datasets by Disease2 , 1996-20113

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| Category | Data Element Description |
| Demographic variables | ˇFiscal year of data (April 1 to March 31, except for Hip Fracture which is 12 months)ˇSexˇAge GroupˇPopulation-People with valid health insurance |
| People with a new diagnosis of the disease case definition in the current year | ˇIncident Cases |
| People with a diagnosis of the disease case definition prior to or during the current year | ˇPrevalent Cases |
| All-Cause Mortality among people with a diagnosis of the disease case definition | ˇNumber of deaths among prevalent disease cases |
| All-Cause Mortality among people without a diagnosis case definition of the disease | ˇNumber of deaths among people without a diagnosis of the disease |
| Hospitalizations with the disease case definition person count | ˇNumber of people with the disease who were hospitalized  |
| Hospitalizations with the disease case definition (Separations) | ˇNumber of hospitalizations among people with the disease  |
| Hospitalizations with the disease case definition (Days Stayed)  | ˇNumber of days stayed in hospital among people with the disease |
| Hospitalizations without the disease case definition person count | ˇNumber of people without the disease who were hospitalized  |
| Hospitalizations without the disease (Separations) | ˇNumber of hospitalizations among people without the disease |
| Hospitalizations without the disease case definition (Days Stayed)  | ˇNumber of days stayed in hospital among people without the disease |
| Physician Visits with the disease case definition person count | ˇNumber of people who visited a physician (General Practitioner and Specialists) with the disease |
| Physician Visits with the disease case definition (Visit Count) | ˇNumber physician visits (General Practitioner and Specialists) among people with the disease |
| Physician Visits without the disease case definition person count | ˇNumber of people who visited a physician (General Practitioner and Specialists) without the disease |
| Physician Visits without the disease case definition (Visit Count) | ˇNumber physician visits (General Practitioner and Specialists) among people without the disease |
| General Physician Visits with the disease case definition person count | ˇNumber of people who visited a physician (General Practitioner) with the disease |
| General Physician Visits with the disease case definition (Visit Count) | ˇNumber physician visits (General Practitioner) among people with the disease |
| General Physician Visits without the disease case definition person count | ˇNumber of people who visited a physician (General Practitioner) without the disease |
| General Physician Visits without the disease case definition (Visit Count) | ˇNumber physician visits (General Practitioner) among people without the disease |
| Specialist Physician Visits with the disease case definition person count | ˇNumber of people who visited a physician (Specialist) with the disease |
| Specialist Physician Visits with the disease case definition (Visit Count) | ˇNumber physician visits (Specialist) among people with the disease |
| Specialist Physician Visits without the disease case definition person count | ˇNumber of people who visited a physician (Specialist) without the disease |
| Specialist Physician Visits without the disease case definition (Visit Count) | ˇNumber physician visits (Specialist) among people without the disease |

1 Data were rounded to the nearest 10. Age-specific Quebec (Acute Myocardial Infarction) and Saskatchewan (Acute Myocardial Infarction and Hip Fracture) data were modelled using the Canadian aggregate age-distribution without Quebec and Saskatchewan data. Alberta data were not available (Multiple Sclerosis, Stroke, and Parkinsonism). Quebec data were not available for Multiple Sclerosis.

2 Diabetes, Hypertension, Acute Myocardial Infarction, Ischemic Heart Disease, Heart Failure, Asthma, Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD), Mental Illness, Mood Anxiety, Osteoporosis, Hip Fracture (all-cause mortality post hip fracture is 12 months—not by fiscal year), Multiple Sclerosis (except for Quebec), Parkinsonism, or Stroke.

3 NU data begin from fiscal year 2005 and Multiple Sclerosis, Stroke, and Parkinsonism data are up to 2010.

When reporting, Please refer to the “start year of reporting” column for each disease in the 2013ParkMSSTKv2014\_CCDSS\_CaseRules file.

N/A data were not available.

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